Rail line between Dindigul and Kottayam

1543. SHRI S. VIDUTHALAI VIRUMBI: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the survey conducted during 1996 to lay new rail line (BG) between Dindigul and Kottayam via Sabarimalai was completed in 1997 itself;

(b) if so, details thereof; and

(c) the action taken or proposed to take to expedite this project?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) to (c) The survey report for construction of a new line from Dindigul to Sabarimala revealed that the cost of 165 kms. line would be Rs. 530 crs. with a negative rate of return. Due to unremunerative nature of the project and acute constraint of resources it has not been found possible to take up the project. However, construction of a new line from Angamali to Sabarimala via Erumali has been sanctioned and necessary clearances have been obtained and work would be started once land becomes available. The work of construction of new line from Kottayam to Erumali has also been included in the Budget and will be taken up after obtaining necessary clearances for which action has been initiated.

MOU between AHEAD and NISCOM

1544. SHRI JALALUDIN ANSARI: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed between Asian Health Environment and Allied Database (AHEAD) and National Institute of Science Communication (NISCOM)/CSIR during 1993-94;

(b) if so, the signatories to the above MoU; and

(c) the full text of the above MoU?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI): (a) No, Sir. No such memorandum was signed. However, a Memorandum of grant conditions was signed between Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) and International Development Research Centre (IDRC), Canada for the project entitled, "CD-ROM of Asian information on Health and the Environment".

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Dispersed and distributed information Technology Activities in CSIR

1545. SHRI JALALUDIN ANSARI: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Director, National Institute of Science Communication (NISCOM), C.S.I.R., went on Medical leave in February, 1997 and later on 25th April, 1997 took over charge at NCL, Pune for preparing a detailed project report for establishing a single point for coordinating the dispersed and distributed information technology activities in C.S.I.R.; and

(b) if so, whether the Director, NISCOM has been sent on leave or on deputation for the above purpose?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI): (a) Yes Sir. Dr. G.P. Phondke, Director, National Institute of Science Communication (NISCOM), availed medical leave upto 25.4.1997 with permission to suffix 26th & 27th April, 1997. After expiry of medical leave, he appeared before the One Man Fact Finding Committee (OMFFC) appointed to look into the NISCOM affairs, thereafter with the

approval of the then Vice President, CSIR he took over charge at the National Chemical Laboratory (NCL), Pune for preparing the detailed project report for establishing a single focal point in the CSIR for coordinating the dispersed and distributed information technology activities in CSIR and synergising resource endowments and competence externally.

(b) He is there on deputation since then.

Scientists and Technical Staff in CSIR

1546. SHRI GAYA SINGH: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of scientists (group-IV) and technical staff (group-Ill) of each Laboratory /Institute of Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), including the headquarters o' CSIR as on October, 1998;

(b) the number of those, out of the above, belonging to Scheduled Castes, Laboratory / institute-wise separately; and

(c) the total number of scientists (group-IV) recruited and the total number of scientists recruited from SCSI categories at the headquarters of CSIR for the period 1988-89 to 1997-98, yearwise?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI): (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the table of the House.

NGRI Scientists Prediction of Earthquake

1547. SHRI P. PRABHAKAR REDDY: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the forecast made by a senior scientist at the Nationa' Geophysical Research Institute (NGRI) that a major earthquake was likely to rock the Sone-Narmada-Tapti basin in Central India;

(b) if so, the Government's reaction thereto and whether Government would consider insuring the life and property of people of the concerned area against earthquake; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI): (a) to ,(c) The newspaper item is purported to be by a superannuated Scientist of National Geophysical Research Institute (NGRI) a constituent unit of CSIR, in his personal capacity and is not based on any study by NGRI on the subject. However, a report on the subject is being sought with a view to deciding about further action in the matter.

भारतीय औषधीय पौधों को पेटेन्ट करने की साजिश

1548. **श्री रमा शंकर कौशिक** :
प्रो. रामगोपाल यादव :

क्या विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच हैं कि विदेशों में भारतीय औषधीय पौधों को पेटेन्ट करने के लिए साजिश की जा रही हैं; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो सरकार इस साजिश को विफल करने के लिए तथा इनकी सुरक्षा के लिए कानून बनाने के लिए क्या कदम उठाएगी?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री तथा विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्री (डा. मुरली मनोहर जोशी) : (क) और (ख) सरकार को इस प्रकार की साजिश की कोई जानकारी/सूचना नहीं हैं। तथापि, सरकार देश के औषधीय पादप सम्पदा के संरक्षण के बारे में बहुत ही चिन्तित हैं। जंगली प्रजातियों के संरक्षण के लिए जैवविविधता अधिनियम तथा किसानों के अधिकार से जुड़े संवर्धित किस्मों के सरंक्षण-सम्बन्धी कानून के प्रारूपों पर सरकार गहन विचार कर रही हैं। इसके